

General Points to Note in Avoiding the Occurrence of Issues of Conflicts of Interest

Conflict of Interest (In General)

When engaging in industry-university-government activities, situations in which profit gained by the faculty members, etc. in their relationships with the companies, etc. may conflict with responsibilities in education and research at the University. Even if the situation is within the scope not prohibited by the regulations of Osaka University, failure to take appropriate measures from comprehensive perspectives could result in causing society to lose confidence in the faculty members, etc. and the University itself. It is important to properly manage the conflict of interest in order to prevent primary duties of education and research from any interruption, as well as impeding promotion of industry-university-government collaboration.

Self-Reporting

Every year, we carry out the Osaka University Conflict of Interest Management Self-Report. You will be informed about the Report through administrative staff of your department, so **please make sure to do this Self-Report.**

For further details, see

“Self-reports on conflict of interest (COI) management”

https://www.osaka-u.ac.jp/en/research/sangaku/coi/coi_5

Talking to Us about Conflicts of Interest

If you have any concerns or questions about conflicts of interest arising from industry-university-government collaborations such as taking side jobs, you can talk to us anytime at the Conflicts of Interest Consultation Office. Please see the website below for details.

“Conflict of Interest Consultation Office”

https://www.osaka-u.ac.jp/en/research/sangaku/coi/coi_4

Side Jobs

If you have a side job, please be careful to do so within the scope allowed by the University, and in such a way that your obligations as a member of University Academic Staff will not be compromised. Also, you will need to be particularly aware of conflict of interest concerns if you engage in a side job to serve as an officer (of a

technology licensing organization, of a company utilizing research results, or a company auditor, etc.) in a for-profit company, etc., because your links with the company, etc. will be especially strong in this case.

Conducting Research Activities and Publishing Results

When conducting in research and publishing research results, it must be conducted without giving preference to the interests of the company, etc. in which you have personal economic interests (shareholdings, side job, payments, royalties) and ensure it is scientifically fair and just in content.

In order to ensure transparency of research expenses and credibility of the research results, some (medical) academic societies require disclosure of conflict of interest when publishing the research results.

Ownership of Research Results

When you are attributing the rights to research results, please handle properly any procedures related to notifying inventions to the University, so as not to be perceived as giving preferential treatment to any company, etc. in which you have a personal financial interest (holding shares, side jobs, payments, royalties, etc.). Inventions connected with any such companies also need to be reported to the University.

Joint Research with a Company you have a Side Job with

If you do joint research with a company, etc. you have a side job with, the line between your work at Osaka University and your side job is likely to get blurred. Please manage such joint research activities appropriately, taking part in them from the Osaka University standpoint and maintaining a clear line between your duties at Osaka University and your side job.

Please bear in mind that the risk of conflicts of interest increases when you are working as an officer at a for-profit company. Ensure the transparency and fairness of procedures by not taking part in decisions and approvals in regard to the performance and contracting of joint research from the company's side (not being

present at the relevant meetings of the Board of Directors, etc., and having this recorded in the minutes; setting provisions as to who has proxy over approvals, etc.) .

Purchasing Goods

If you purchase goods from a company in which you have a personal financial interest (holding shares, side jobs, payments, royalties, etc.), you must be able to offer an adequate explanation to the public about the properness of the conditions of the transaction - such as the need for the purchase, the price and so on. So, when you purchase goods from a company in which you have a personal financial interest, please consider the need for the purchase carefully, and if you go ahead with it, pay adequate attention when making your order to keeping the contract procedures transparent and fair.

The following approach is recommended to reduce the risk of conflicts of interest: rather than a member of Academic Staff placing an order directly, submit the order form to the administrative staff at their faculty office, and the admin. staff will then process the order in line with the accounting regulations; leaving a paper trail of the need and reason for the purchase; avoid serving as a member of the Committee making the decisions in regard to the company in question on matters like models and technical specifications is also recommended. Precautions like these will help reduce the risk of concerns arising, and allow for greater transparency and fairness.

Accepting Donations

In regard to accepting donations, please pay adequate attention to keeping the procedures involved transparent and, fair, so that a third party will not have concerns that you appear to be giving preferential treatment to any company in which you have a personal financial interest (holding shares, side jobs, payments, royalties, etc.).

In order to reduce the risk of conflicts of interest, please pay adequate attention to keeping the procedures involved, transparent and fair. For example, if you have a side job at the

company concerned, not to play any part in the decision-making process leading to donation by the company in question. (not being present at the time of resolution at the company's Board of Directors, etc.)

Involving Students in Business

If a student engages in business with a company, etc. in which you have a personal financial interest (holding shares, side jobs, payments, royalties, etc.), the student's will must be respected. In your relationship with student, please pay adequate attention to the fact that the student's right to receive education must not be compromised, and ensure their freedom to engage in research etc.

Involvement in Committees, etc.

When participating and deliberating issues in the committees within the university, etc., ensure to maintain neutrality and impartiality so as not to be seen as giving preference to those whom you have personal interests with.

When having personal interests, you can enhance neutrality and impartiality by setting restrictions and recording to the minutes. (e.g., not to serve as a committee member, leaving the meeting, or not to make a statement during the meeting.) If your appointment to the member of the committee and making a statement are necessary and unavoidable, declare to the committee your relationship with the person concerned, and proceed with your duties.

(Contact)

Conflict of Interest Consultation Office,
Co-Creation Affairs Division,

Department of Co-Creation Promotion

Email : coi-office@ml.office

(Note: Please add "osaka-u.ac.jp" to the end of the above address when using it.)